THEORY OF CHANGE



ACTIVITIES are planned and implemented to achieve specific outputs and outcomes	INPUTS are the resources (human and economic) that are invested in activities	OUTPUTS are the direct results from the activities we develop (direct and concrete products or achievements)	OUTCOMES are changes in knowledge, skills and attitudes of our target group/s (changes in the behaviour and actions, and changes in their life situation)	IMPACT is the significant, lasting, and sustained change that occurs on people's lives as a result of the activities
Certified continuous training program on Open Schooling	1 Science Engagement practitioner; partners; teachers; 1 room; computers/tablets; tools;	Teachers learn about Open Schooling tools that contribute to their professional development.	Teachers enroll in other professional development trainings related to Open	The wellbeing of the regional communities improves due to the preservation of the territory and
Open Schooling project follow-up sessions	1 Science Engagement practitioner; partners; teachers; 1 room; computers/tablets; tools;	Teachers learn how to adapt/tailor the Open Schooling approach and tools to their school	Teachers develop autonomy in looking for innovative education methods and strategies and come	Regional development due to significant improvements in school performance of students

THEORY OF CHANGE



INDICATORS

are measurable signs that your outputs and outcomes have been met and they can be qualitative (e.g., signal words) or quantitative (e.g., reach)

OUTPUT Teachers learn about Open Schooling tools that contribute to	90% of the teachers are able to correctly answer to questions about the tools presented.	80% of the teachers agree that the tools presented can be used in their citizenship &	
OUTPUT Teachers learn how to adapt/tailor the Open Schooling	95% of the teachers from the different school cycles take part of the Open Schooling project follow-up sessions	60% of the teachers that take part of the Open Schooling project follow-up sessions present new proposals on how to adapt tools	
OUTPUT			

THEORY OF CHANGE



INDICATORS

are measurable signs that your outputs and outcomes have been met and they can be qualitative (e.g., signal words) or quantitative (e.g., reach)

OUTCOME Teachers enroll in other professional development	In the weeks after the certified continuous training program on Open Schooling, 50% of the teachers demonstrate interest in	30% of the teachers that took part of the certified continuous training program on Open Schooling enrolled in other	
OUTCOME Teachers develop autonomy in looking for innovative education	30% of the teachers start collaborating with each other in classes planning and co-creating innovative tools to teach their	40% of the teachers start developing STEAM projects with science-related NGOs to teach	
OUTCOME			